## Mayaguez Medical Center (Dr. Ramón Emeterio Betances Hospital)

## **NOMBRE:**

## CLINICAL PRIVILEGES DELINEATION DEPARTMENT OF FAMILY MEDICINE

The family physician shall have the opportunity to practice in the various clinical Department of the Hospital for which he is qualified according to the following privileges in categories I, II, III.

Family practice is a dynamic and comprehensive specialty. Adult medical care, child care, maternity care, surgical, critical care and psychiatric are integral components of the specialty. As a result, privileges in these areas requested by members of the Department in Family Practice will be recommended by their Chairman.

Requested	Recommended	Granted	<u>Category I</u>
			This category privileges for uncomplicated, basic procedures and cognitive skills. Physicians assigned to this category usually are graduates of approved medical schools who are properly licensed, (full unrestricted license), and who have demonstrated skills in family medicine. The training of the physician which would indicate current competence in procedures as requested. These are the privileges granted traditionally to General Practitioners at the Hospital before the establishment of the Department of Family Practice. All physicians must be able to recognize his/her personal limitations and request consultation when indicated.
Requested	Recommended	Granted	Category II
			Privileges in this category would include Category I Privileges, as a well as privileges for those procedures and cognitive skills involving more serious and profound medical problems and which normally are taught in family Practice Residency Programs. This may include procedures and cognitive skills generally applicable to the care in maternity, surgical, psychiatric and critical care units.  Physicians assigned to this category would be those who have met the criteria in Category I, and who also have either completed training in Family Practice Residency Program and/or who are Board Certified in family medicine by the American Board of Family Practice, or who have documented experience, demonstrated abilities and current competence in family medicine which would indicated current competence in more serious and profound medical problems. The physicians must be able to recognize their individual limitations, and request consultation when indicated. Consultations should always be required when a patient fails to make progress after an adequate period of therapy of in critically ill patients.
Requested	Recommended	Granted	Category III
			Privileges in this category would include privileges in Categories I and II. Additional privileges would also be granted to physicians who have acquired added experience and/or training, and who have special skills and knowledge in specific areas of medicine and surgery. Training indicative of additional post-graduate study that would enable a physician to perform more advanced or highly technical, procedure, medical or surgical usually are achieved by additional training in a specific field of practice.

## Name:

Rheumatic fever, acute (consultation required)  Differential diagnosis of hypertension  Uncomplicated essential unresponsive hypertension (consultation)  Cirrhosis of the liver, uncomplicated  Hepatitis, uncomplicated  Differential diagnosis of gastrointestinal disease  Peptic ulcer disease, uncomplicated  Cholecystitis (consultation required)	ion required) ultation required)
Diabetes mellitus, uncontrolled, uncomplicated  Congestive heart failure (consultation required)  Minor cardiac arrhythmias, non life threatening (consultation required)  Rheumatic fever, acute (consultation required)  Differential diagnosis of hypertension  Uncomplicated essential unresponsive hypertension (consultation required)  Cirrhosis of the liver, uncomplicated  Hepatitis, uncomplicated  Differential diagnosis of gastrointestinal disease  Peptic ulcer disease, uncomplicated  Cholecystitis (consultation required)	
Congestive heart failure (consultation required)  Minor cardiac arrhythmias, non life threatening (consultation Rheumatic fever, acute (consultation required)  Differential diagnosis of hypertension  Uncomplicated essential unresponsive hypertension (consultation)  Cirrhosis of the liver, uncomplicated  Hepatitis, uncomplicated  Differential diagnosis of gastrointestinal disease  Peptic ulcer disease, uncomplicated  Cholecystitis (consultation required)	
Minor cardiac arrhythmias, non life threatening (consultation Rheumatic fever, acute (consultation required)  Differential diagnosis of hypertension  Uncomplicated essential unresponsive hypertension (consultation required)  Cirrhosis of the liver, uncomplicated  Hepatitis, uncomplicated  Differential diagnosis of gastrointestinal disease  Peptic ulcer disease, uncomplicated  Cholecystitis (consultation required)	
Rheumatic fever, acute (consultation required)  Differential diagnosis of hypertension  Uncomplicated essential unresponsive hypertension (consultation)  Cirrhosis of the liver, uncomplicated  Hepatitis, uncomplicated  Differential diagnosis of gastrointestinal disease  Peptic ulcer disease, uncomplicated  Cholecystitis (consultation required)	
Differential diagnosis of hypertension Uncomplicated essential unresponsive hypertension (const Cirrhosis of the liver, uncomplicated Hepatitis, uncomplicated Differential diagnosis of gastrointestinal disease Peptic ulcer disease, uncomplicated Cholecystitis (consultation required)	ultation required)
Uncomplicated essential unresponsive hypertension (constant constant consta	ultation required)
Cirrhosis of the liver, uncomplicated  Hepatitis, uncomplicated  Differential diagnosis of gastrointestinal disease  Peptic ulcer disease, uncomplicated  Cholecystitis (consultation required)	ultation required)
Hepatitis, uncomplicated  Differential diagnosis of gastrointestinal disease  Peptic ulcer disease, uncomplicated  Cholecystitis (consultation required)	
Differential diagnosis of gastrointestinal disease  Peptic ulcer disease, uncomplicated  Cholecystitis (consultation required)	
Peptic ulcer disease, uncomplicated  Cholecystitis (consultation required)	
Cholecystitis (consultation required)	
Malabsorption Syndrome	
Nephritis, acute (consultation required)	
Pneumonia, uncomplicated	
Gouty arthritis	
Differential diagnosis of neurologic disease (consultation	required)
Acute cerebrovascular accidents (consultation required)	
Urticaria	
Serum sickness	
Bronchial asthma, uncomplicated	
Urinary tract infection, uncomplicated	
Nephrolithiasis (consultation required)	
Pediatrics (Consultation required in all admissions)	
Mild moderate dehydration	
Uncomplicated bronchial asthma	
Uncomplicated bronchopneumonia	
Pyelonephritis	
Uncomplicated urinary tract infection	
All category I privileges (as previously stated)	
Internal Medicine	
Cardiovascular Disease Seen and Manages:	
Differential diagnosis of/and:	
Congestive heart failure	
Chest pain	
Hypertension	
Heart murmur	
Shortness of breath	
Skills:	
Interpretation of electrocardiogram	

Requested	Recommended	Granted	4 CLINICAL PRIVILEGES
			Cardiopulmonary resuscitation
			Emergency electrical cardioversion
			Radiographic examination of the heart
			Interpretation of cardiac enzymes
			Preoperative cardiovascular evaluation
			Arrhythmia – non – life threatening
			Pulmonary embolism
			Uncomplicated myocardial infarction
			Hypertensive crisis
			Heart blocks
			Unstable angina pectoris
			Consults:
			Bacterial endocarditis
			Aneurysms
			Systemic embolic disease
			Pericarditis
			Rheumatic heart disease
			Cardiomyopathies
			Arrhythmia – non – life threatening
			Preoperative cardiopulmonary evaluation
			Refers (but will follow and manage with consultant)
			Atrial myxomas
			Cardiac tamponade
			Coronary bypass surgery
			Traumatic heart disease
			Catheterization
			Second and third degree heart blocks, life threatening (ICU)
			Life threatening arrhythmias (ICU)
			Complicated myocardial infarction (ICU)
			Unstable angina (ICU)
			Hypertensive crisis (ICU)
			Pulmonary embolism (ICU)
			Note: All ICU medical care needs consult with the Internist and /or the subspecialist corresponding to the patient diagnosis (i.e. Pulmonary embolism consult the pneumologist
			Hepatic Disease (Sees and manages)
			Differential Diagnosis of/and:
			Hepatomegaly
			Jaundice
			Hepatic enzyme elevations
			Cirrhosis
			Cholecystitis
			Consults:

Requested	Recommended	Granted	CLINICAL PRIVILEGES  Acute hepatic failure
			Chronic active hepatitis
			Cholangitis  Cholangitis
			Hepatic encephalopathy
			Refers (but will follow and manage with the consultant)
			*
			Bleeding varices
			Hepatic biopsy
			Hepatic coma
			Gastrointestinal Disease (Sees and manages)  Differential diagnosis of/and:
			Heartburn
			Dysphagia Abdominal pain
			_
			Weight loss Abdominal mass
			Diarrhea
			Tenesmus
			Constipation
			Ascites
			Diverticular disease
			Hemorrhoids
			Malabsorption
			Skills:
			Abdominal paracentesis
			Gastric secretion analysis
			Occult blood screening
			Proctosigmoidoscopy (rigid or flexible)
			Use of nasogastric tubes
			Colonoscopy (i.e. training and skills are present)
			Consult:
			Pancreatitis
			Intestinal obstruction
			Malabsorption
			Inflammatory bowel disease
			Gastrointestinal bleeding
			Refers (but will follow and manage with the consultant)
			Endoscopic procedures (all other)
			Complicated pancreatitis
			Complicated peptic ulcer
			Intractable bleeding
			Hematological Disease (Sees and manages)
			Differential Diagnosis of/and:
			Anemia

Requested	Recommended	Granted	CLINICAL PRIVILEGES
			Eosinophilia
			Leukocytosis – Neutropenia
			Ecchymosis – petechiae
			Lymphadenectomy
			Skills:
			Interpretation of bleeding time
			Interpretation of clotting time
			Interpretation of P.T. and PTT
			Interpretation of microscopic examination of peripheral Blood smear
			Determination of hemoglobin and hematocrit
			Interpretation of CBC and Indices
			Interpretation of blood chemistries
			Consults:
			Hemolytic anemia
			Refers (but will follow and manage with the consultant)
			Bone marrow aspiration and interpretation
			Reticuloendothelial malignancies
			Marrow failures
			Cancer chemotherapy
			Nephrology (Sees and manages)
			Differential Diagnosis of/and:
			Common electrolytes abnormalities
			Assessment of tubular function
			Evaluation and therapy of common acid base problems
			Evaluation for obstructive uropathy
			Interpretation of anion gaps
			Proper use of nephrotoxic antibiotics
			Proteinuria and edema
			Uncomplicated hypertension
			Urinary tract infection
			Hematuria
			Pyuria
			Renal colic
			Nephrolithiasis
			Skills:
			Interpretation of microscopic examination of urine Sediment
			Insertion of a Foley catheter
			Interpretation of diagnostic tests
			Consults:
			Glomerulonephritis
			Acute renal failure
			Azotemia

Requested	Recommended	Granted	CLINICAL PRIVILEGES
			Polycystic kidney disease
			Diabetic nephropathy
			Nephrobic syndrome
			Renal hypertension (severe)
			Hyperkalemia (life threatening)
			Complicated urinary tract infection
			Complicated renal disease
			Refers (but will follow and manage with consultant)
			Dialysis cases
			Renal transplantations
			Urinary tract malignancy
			Renal biopsy
			Neurological Disease (Sees and manages)
			Differential diagnosis of/and:
			Syncope
			Loss of consciousness
			Hemiplagia and hemiparesis
			Cephalgia
			Vertigo
			Initiate emergency treatment of convulsions (seizures)
			Head trauma without loss of consciousness
			Neuropathy
			Tremors
			Skills:
			Lumbar puncture
			Visual fields
			Neurological examination
			Consults:
			Herniated disk
			Congenital disease
			Seizure disorders
			Trauma with loss of consciousness
			Cerebrovascular accidents
			Central nervous systems infections
			Rheumatological Disease (Sees and manages)
			Differential Diagnosis of/and:
			Osteoarthritis
			Erythema nodosum
			Ankylosing spondylitis
			Gout
			Polymyalgia rheunatica
			Pseudogout (Chondrocarcinosis)

Requested	Recommended	Granted	CLINICAL PRIVILEGES
			Rheumatoid arthritis (early and uncomplicated)
			Rheumatic fever without carditis
			Skills:
			Periarticular injection
			Interpretation of laboratory results
			Interpretation of X- rays (only in emergencies, others consult)
			Consults:
			Skin biopsy (interpretation)
			Advanced ankylosing spondylitis
			Advanced degenerative joint disease
			Gout (refractory)
			Juvenile rheumatoid arthritis
			Mixed connective tissue disease
			Polymyositis – dermatomyositis
			Progressive systemic sclerosis (scleroderma)
			Psoriatic arthritis
			Reiter's syndrome
			Complicated rheumatoid arthritis
			Rheumatic fever with carditis
			Septic arthritis
			Systemic lupus erythematosus
			Joint aspiration and injection
			Refers (but will follow and manage with consultant)
			Polyarthritis nodosa
			Progressive JRA
			Progressive polymyositis - dermatomyositis
			Complicated systemic lupus erythematosus
			Complicated progressive systemic sclerosis (scleroderma)
			Metabolic and Endocrine Diseases (Sees and manages)
			Differential Diagnosis of/and:
			Uncomplicated hyper and hypothyroidism
			Goiter
			Uncomplicated diabetes mellitus
			Uncomplicated hyper and hypocalcemia
			Extremes of height
			Hypokalemia (uncomplicated)
			Obedity
			Hirsutism
			Amenorrhea
			Galactorrhea
			Infertility
			Menopausal symptoms

Requested	recommended	Granted	CLINICAL PRIVILEGES
			Polycystic ovaries
			Dysfunctional uterine bleeding (DUB)
			Uncomplicated hyper and hyponatremia
			Consults:
			Adrenal cortical hyper and hypofunction
			Anterior pituitary hyper and hypofunction
			Hyper and hypothyroidism in pregnancy
			Infertility
			Parathyroid dysfunction
			Thyroid nodule
			Pheochromocytoma
			Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus
			Adrenal insufficiency
			Refers (but will follow and manage with the consultant)
			Diabetic or hypoglycemic coma
			Diabetes in pregnancy
			Adrenal crisis
			Thyroid storm
			Congenital neonatal and degenerative abnormalities
			Pulmonary Diseases (Sees and manages)
			Differential Diagnosis of/and:
			Bronchiolitis
			Acute bronchitis
			Influenza
			Uncomplicated COPD
			Uncomplicated pneumonia
			Tracheobronchitis
			Skills:
			Arterial blood gases (interpretation)
			Endotracheal intubation (Emergency)
			Tuberculin skin testing (interpretation)
			Interpretation of Chest X – rays
			Consults:
			Pneumothorax
			Acute and chronic respiratory insufficiency
			Acute chronic pulmonary embolism
			Allergic inhalation pulmonary disease
			Pulmonary fibrosis
			Abscess (pulmonary)
			Carcinoma and tumors
			Pulmonary hypertension
			Pneumonitis

Requested	Recommended	Granted	CLINICAL PRIVILEGES
			Thoracentesis
			Transtracheal aspiration
			Refers (but will follow and manage with the consultant)
			Alveolar proteinosis
			Mediastinitis
			Desquamative pneumonia
			Eosinophilic granuloma
			Bronchoscopy
			Shock lung (adult respiratory district syndrome)
			Note on Consultations and Tranfers:
			The family physician accepts that the determination of the transfer of a patient rest upon the consulting physician. However, if there is a controversy, a meeting of both members and/or chairmen of the involved departments will decide.
			The attendings of the department of internal medicine will supervise all consultations made on patients of the Department of Family of Medicine. In order to improve the academic atmosphere, all consultations will be addressed to an individual consultant (specialist and/or subspecialist).
			Pediatric Privileges (Sees and manages)
			Procedures and Minor surgeries:
			Incision and drainage of an abscess
			Circumsicion
			Lumbar puncture
			Femoral venipuncture
			Venous s cut-down (All cases that need lumbar puncture and arterial blood gases shall be consulted)
			Others:
			Surgical procedures according to agreements with the Department of Surgery.
			Medical Pediatric Care (Sees and manages)
			Differential Diagnosis of:
			Infections, uncomplicated
			Respiratory tract infections, uncomplicated
			Gastrointestinal tract cases, uncomplicated
			Genitourinary tract cases, uncomplicated
			Skin diseases, uncomplicated
			Non responsive infections and CNS infections, will be consulted with the Department of Pediatrics.
			Cardiovascular Diseases:
			Cases of hypertension, congenital and rheumatic heart disease, endocarditis will be seen and consulted with the Department of Pediatrics.
			Respiratory Disease (Sees and manages)
			Uncomplicated bronchial asthma
			Respiratory tract infections
			Cystic fibrosis
			Larygotracheobronchitis
			Pneumonia
			Bronchiolitis

Requested	Recommended	Granted	CLINICAL PRIVILEGES
			Consult and/or refers (but will follow and manage with the consultant)
			Epiglottitis
			Intoxications
			Allergic Disorders (Sees and manages)
			Serum sickness
			Urticaria
			Endocrine and/or Metabolic Disorders:
			Consults:
			Diabetes, uncomplicated
			Thyroid disease
			Adrenal disease
			Hypogonadism
			Refers (but will follow the consultant)
			Diabetics in acidosis
			Disturbance in Body Fluids and Electrolytes (Sees and manages)
			Mild to moderate dehydration
			Mild electrolyte unbalance
			Consult and/or refers (but will follow – up and manage with the consultant)
			Moderate to severe dehydration
			Life threatening electrolyte unbalance
			Hematology (Sees and manages)
			Differential diagnosis of anemia
			- Iron deficiency anemia
			Consults:
			Hemolytic anemia
			Hemophilia
			Refers (but will follow – up and manage with the consultant)
			Hematology malignancies
			Aplastic anemia
			Transfusions
			Miscellaneous cases
			Consults or refers (but will follow – up and manage with a consultant)
			Collagen diseases
			Nephritis and nephrosis
			All consultations will be made thru the usual and customary hospital channels.
			Nursery (Sees and manages)
			Routine full term newborn care (TAGA) (jaundice, sepsis, respiratory distress, etc)
			Consult and/or refers (but will follow – up and manages with the consultant.
			Premature
			All complications including non TAGA
			<b>Note:</b> All referred cases to the Pediatric Department will be followed by

Requested	Recommended	Granted	CLINICAL PRIVILEGES
			a Pediatrician. The family physician will deliver supportive care and follow-up and manage with the consultant.
			Surgical Privileges
			Skills:
			Preoperative care
			Post - operative care (according to the procedure and the surgeon)
			Assist at common major surgical procedures of own patients.
			Minor surgical procedures (can be done in one day surgery)
			Emergency room physicians privileges
			Consult and/or refers (but will follow – up and manage with the consultant)
			All major surgical procedures
			All major surgical procedures, complicated
			All major procedures, that needs post – operative ICU care
			OB-GYN Privileges
			Skills:
			As agreed with OB-GYN Department
			Pelvic inflammatory disease
			Assist in common surgical procedures of own patients
			Minor surgical procedures of gynecology and obstetrics (can be done at the one day surgery room)
			Consult:
			Rape cases
			Refers (but will follow – up and manage with the consultant):
			All other procedures.

APPLICANT'S SIGNATURE	DATE
/ Recommended	/ / Not Recommended
DEPARTMENT DIRECTOR	DATE